



Chlor Pars Company Producer Chlorine, Alkalis & Hydrogen peroxide

**Material Safety Data Sheet- Sodium Hypochlorite, 12 - 18%**

Code: QAD-MSDS-06-EN

Rev:04

Issue Date: 12/05/2021

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Quality Assurance

Approved

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### 1. IDENTIFICATION

**Product name:** Sodium Hypochlorite, 12 – 18 %

#### **Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Identified uses:** Disinfectant. Paper bleaching agent, Water treatment chemicals Biocidal product Bleaching agents, activators and stabilizers, Textile bleaching agent

#### **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Company Name : Chlor pars co

Address: 20Km of Tabriz-Tehran road,Tabriz – Iran

Telephone number: +98(041) 36300609

Fax number: +98(041)3364431, 36300611

Web site: www.chlorpars.com

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Hazard classification**

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Corrosive to metals - Category 1

Skin corrosion - Category 1B

Serious eye damage - Category 1

#### **Label elements**

#### **Hazard pictograms**



Signal word: **DANGER!**



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#### Hazards

May be corrosive to metals.  
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### Precautionary statements

##### Prevention

Keep only in original container.  
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

##### Response

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

##### Storage

Store locked up.  
Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

##### Disposal

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards

Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Synonyms:** Sodium Hypochlorite ,Bleach

This product is a substance.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	12-18%
water	7732-18-5	82-88%
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	0.8-1.2%



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#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing Contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur or irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

**Eye contact:** Wash eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes at least. Do not forget to remove contact lenses. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Give one cup (8 ounces or 240 ml) of water or milk if available and transport to a medical facility. Do not give anything by mouth unless the person is fully conscious.

##### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

##### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Aspiration of vomitus may cause lung injury. Suggest endotracheal/esophageal control if lavage is done. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Repeated excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting lung disease.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media:** In case of fire, use water fog, foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do NOT use water jet. May spread fire. Dry chemical extinguishing agents may react with product; use with caution.

##### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** No data available



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#### Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** For safety reasons in case of fire, containers should be stored separately in closed containments. Do not breathe fumes.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Evacuate area. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations. Wear suitable protective equipment. Keep upwind of spill. Avoid breathing vapor. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Avoid all contact. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear suitable protective clothing. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Do not discharge directly to a water source. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Large spills: Absorb with materials such as: Vermiculite. Cover with absorbent or contain. Collect and dispose. Dike and transfer to suitable and properly labeled containers. This material is corrosive. See SECTION 8, Exposure Controls/Personal Protection, prior to handling. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, polypropylene absorbent).

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Keep container closed. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Use with adequate ventilation. Protect from direct exposure to sunlight. Use good general industrial hygiene practices for handling. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep container tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials. See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY section. Store under cover in a dry, clean, cool, well ventilated place away from sunlight. Store away from oxidizing materials. Store in original vented container.



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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
Sodium hypochlorite	US WEEL	STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Sodium hydroxide	ACGIH	C	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	OSHA P0	C	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Engineering controls:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

### Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical goggles.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Avoid gloves made of: Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task. Reports indicate that sodium hypochlorite can react with various fabrics usually increasing with concentration. Reactions vary significantly depending on strength of chemical, material, fabric treatment and color of dyes. Fire resistant clothing treated cotton has a stronger response than plain cotton. Poly blend fabrics and meta aramid fabric have a weaker response than natural fibers. Contact the Personal Protective Equipment manufacturer for specific information about their products.



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**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Particulate filter.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	Not available
Odor	pungent
Odor Threshold	No data available
pH	12 - 14
Melting point/range	-20 °C ( -4 °F) <i>Literature</i>
Freezing point	-20 °C ( -4 °F) <i>Literature</i>
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	No data available
Flash point	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not expected to form explosive dust-air mixtures.
Lower explosion limit	Not applicable
Upper explosion limit	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	12 mmHg
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	Not available
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.082 - 1.275 at 20 °C (68 °F)



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**Water solubility** completely miscible

**Partition coefficient:** No data available  
**n-octanol/water**

**Auto-ignition temperature:** Not applicable

**Decomposition temperature:** No data available No test data available

**Kinematic Viscosity:** No data available

**Explosive properties:** Not applicable

**Oxidizing properties:** No information available. Not applicable

**Softening point:** No data available

**Molecular weight:** 74.5 g/mol

**Pour point:** No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** No data available

**Chemical stability:** No data available

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Polymerization will not occur.  
Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**Conditions to avoid:** contact with incompatible materials Avoid direct sunlight or ultraviolet sources.  
Excessive heat. contact between acids and chlorates, a component of this product mixture, can cause the generation of chlorine gas.

**Incompatible materials:** No data available

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### Acute toxicity

#### Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Swallowing may result in burns of the mouth and throat.  
Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation or ulceration. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea.

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg





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#### Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.  
LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs.

LC50, Rat, dust/mist, > 10.5 mg/l

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

Prolonged contact may cause severe skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, and tissue damage.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

#### Sensitization

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Material is corrosive. Material is not classified as a respiratory irritant; however, upper respiratory tract irritation or corrosivity may be expected.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Repeated exposures to dusts of this material are not anticipated to result in systemic toxicity or permanent lung injury; however, excessive exposures may cause less severe respiratory effects.

#### Carcinogenicity

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

#### Teratogenicity

For similar material(s): Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animal tests.



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#### Reproductive toxicity

For similar material(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

#### Mutagenicity

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases. Animal genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative.

#### Aspiration Hazard

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### Toxicity

##### Acute toxicity to fish

Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 <0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), 96 Hour, 0.22 - 0.62 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

##### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 Hour, 0.035 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

##### Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, activated sludge, 28.7 mg/l

##### Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

##### Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC, Menidia peninsulae (tidewater silverside), flow-through test, 28 d, 0.04 mg/l

#### Persistence and degradability

**Biodegradability:** Biodegradation is not applicable.

#### Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

#### Mobility in soil

No relevant data found.



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### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods:** AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**DOT**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Hypochlorite solutions
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1791
<b>Class</b>	8
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Sodium hypochlorite
<b>Reportable Quantity</b>	Sodium hypochlorite, Sodium hydroxide



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**Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code**

Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

**Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):**

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Hypochlorite solution
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1791
<b>Class</b>	8
<b>Packing group</b>	II

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312**

Corrosive to metals  
Skin corrosion or irritation  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**Pennsylvania Right To Know**

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:



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#### Components

Sodium hypochlorite  
Sodium hydroxide

#### CASRN

7681-52-9

1310-73-2

#### California Prop. 65

This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

#### United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Product Literature

Additional information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact. Ask for a product brochure. Additional information on this and other products may be obtained by visiting our web page.

#### Hazard Rating System

##### NFPA

Health  
3

Flammability  
0

Instability  
0